

Improvement of Reading Room Environment in Teleradiology Services: Prevention of Physical and Mental Disability by Interpretation

I Okuda, MD C Ishii, MD
M Irimoto, MD
IRIMOTOMEDICAL
Tokyo JAPAN

Recently, many radiologists have developed health disorders (e.g. musculoskeletal disorder, visual system dysfunction, mental disability) through the increase in interpretation duties on the PACS workstation.

Environmental improvement of the reading room is important to prevent health hazards in radiologists. In this presentation we give a concrete example of a real reading room in teleradiology services and explain some methods for comfortable interpretation.

PURPOSE/AIM

- -To prevent physical and mental disability of radiologists by interpretation work
- -To improve interpretation efficiency
- -To improve QOL of radiologists

Working Safely with Video Display Terminals

U.S. Department of Labor
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
OSHA 3092 1997 (Revised)

Health Effects

Visual Problems

Fatigue and Musculoskeletal Problems

Radiation

Interventions

Lighting

Work Station Design

VDT Design

Work Practices Job Organization

Physical and mental disability by interpretation work

Visual system dysfunction

-Computer vision syndrome

Musculoskeletal disorder

-Repetitive strain injuries

Mental disability

- -Technostress
- -Depression

Others

- -Organic dysfunction
- -Metabolic syndrome

Computer vision syndrome

Eyestrain
sore, aching, irritated, blurred,
double vision
Dry eye syndrome
Headache



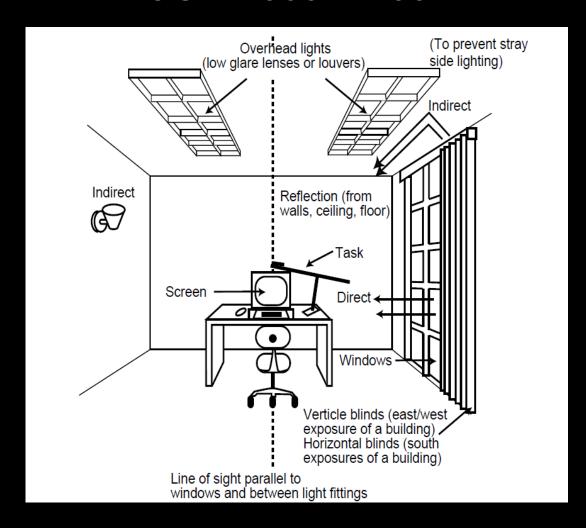
Etiology

Visual capability un-corrected, unsuitably corrected Video display character, contrast, color Work place lighting brightness, glare air-conditioning low humidity **Heavy workload**

Measure

```
Vision correction
   viewing distance VDT > hard copy
Display
  size, suitable character, color, black/white
Workplace lighting
  Window screen, partition
  Task-ambient illumination
     Indirect up-lighting system
     Controllable illumination
     Hand lighting
Air-conditioning
  humidifier, fresh air intake
Work control
 length, pace, break
```

Position of light source relative to the VDT. OSHA 3092 1997



Task-ambient illumination

Window screen
Partition
Indirect up-lighting system
Controllable illumination
Hand lighting

Musculoskeletal disorder

Repetitive strain injuries back, neck, shoulder discomfort painful/stiff neck or shoulder



Etiology

Seated

fixed, awkward, inadequate posture and arm position

→ biomechanical stress

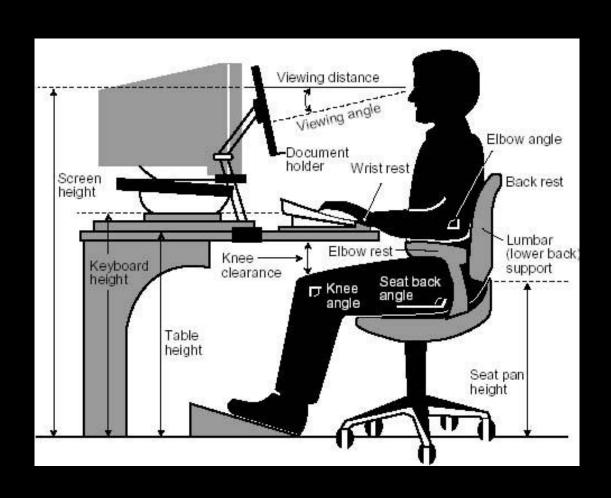
Repetition high rate of key stroke

Heavy workload

Measure

```
Seat-desk
 chair: backrest, arm rests, chair base
       footrest ergonomic chair
Keyboard
 height, configuration,
 transcriber, speech recognition
Display
 size, height, adjustability
 flexible monitor stand
Break
 sofa (recliner, massage), refreshment
Exercise
   usable, effective, safe
Work control
  length, pace
```

Proper user position and support. OSHA 3092 1997



Chair, Desk, Workstation

Chair height:

0.23 of body height or the "popliteal" height Stable chair: 5 star bases

The entire sole of the foot can rest on the floor or footrest

Lumber support
Viewing angle -10° ~ -30°
Viewing distance >40cm
Elbow angle 90°

Mental disability

Technostress
Depression
Burnout and dissatisfaction
Malpractice stress syndrome



Etiology

Heavy work load (increasing in Japan recently)

Narrow space of work place Stress for malpractice

Measure

Control work load
Partition, space of reading desk
Coloring of reading room
Reading assistant
Break, refreshment



IRIMOTOMEDICAL INC.

Teleradiology service managed by independent radiologists established in 2001

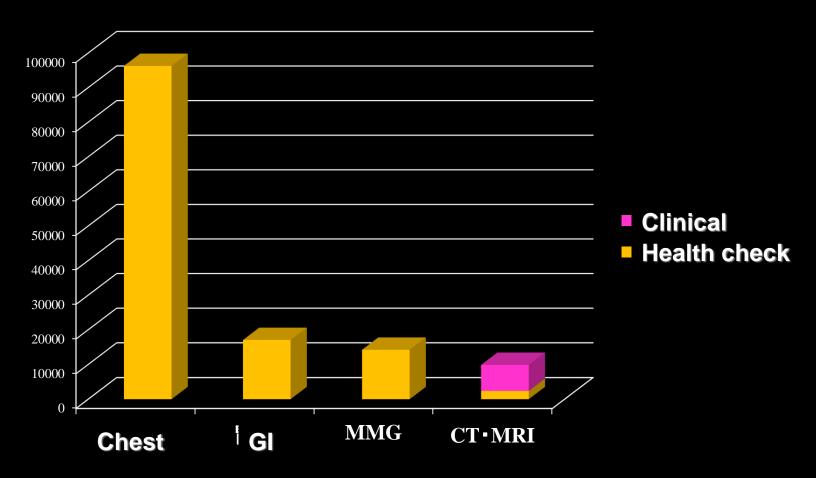
Tokyo Main Office, Two branch offices

Original Internet VPN

Full time radiologist 2 Part time radiologist 8 Assistant 3 System engineer 1 Accounting manager 1

Equity capital No debt

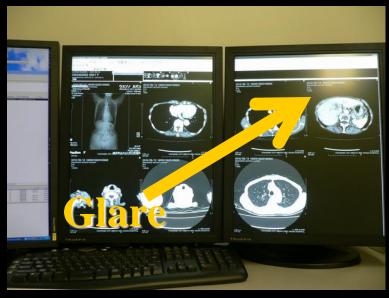
Reading cases (2010)



Health check up 129939 clinical 7500 total 137439

Reading room of Tokyo office (~2009.12)





Vertical blind: sunlight enters
Ceiling exposed illumination: glare
Increase of the number of radiologists
: interfere mutually

Required improvement of reading environment

Reforming of Reading Room





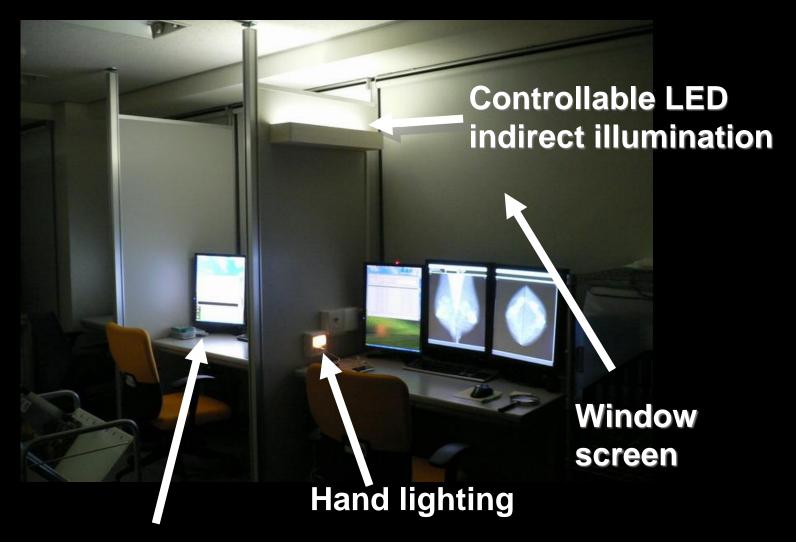
2009.12~

Window blind screen Task-ambient lighting Partition

2011.05~

Wider space
Color coordination
Ergonomic chair
Original reading desk
Fresh air intake

Task-ambient lighting



Partition separated reading booth

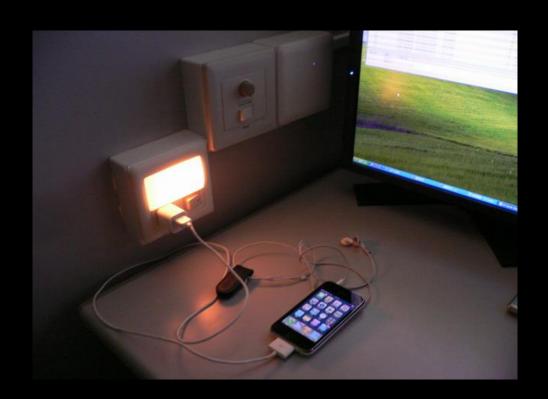
Suitable lighting control united with the image





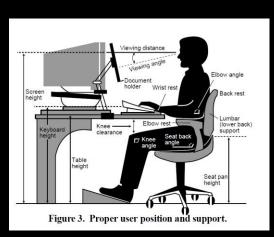
Controllable LED indirect illumination Hand controller

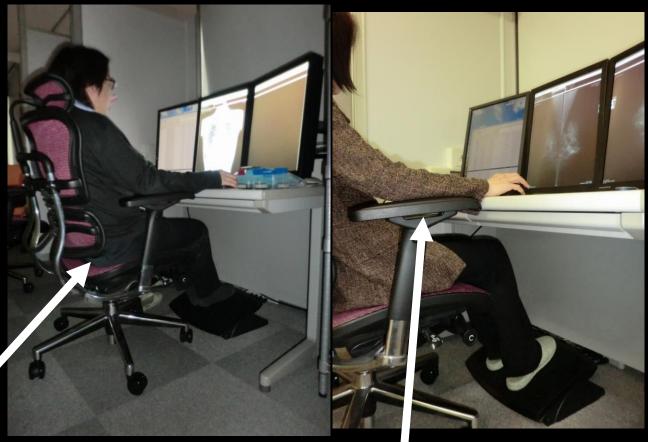
Hand lighting



Power receptacle

Ergonomic Chair Footrest



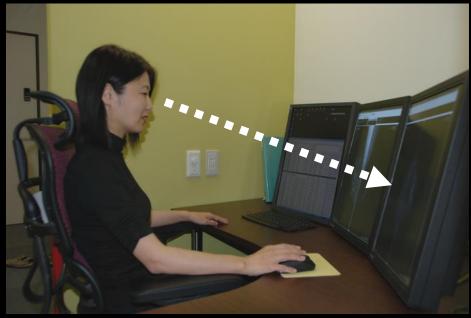


Adjust for individual radiologist

Armrest should be on the same level as the desktop

Flexible monitor stand





Monitor height and angle are adjusted freely.

Look downward monitor position

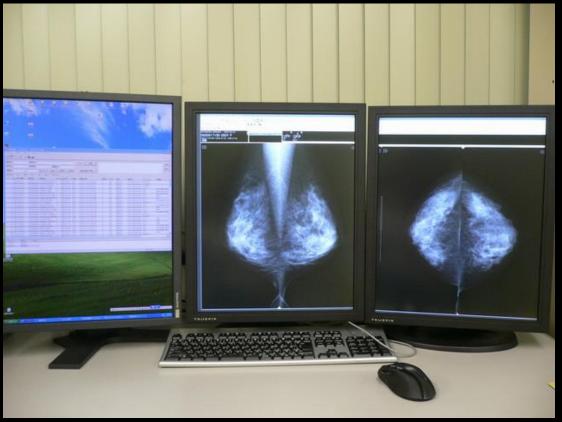
Keyboardless report writing with multifunctional mouth and speech recognition

left:backspace right:space push: enter rolling: paging start reporting previous pt. next pt.

Key of a keyboard is assigned to a multifunctional mouse.

Selection and customization

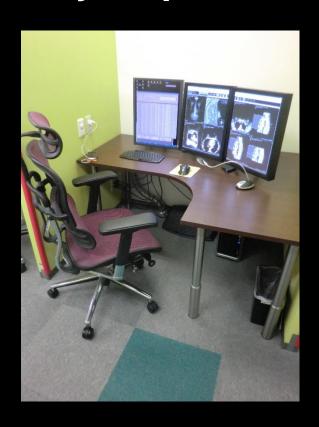
of a workstation



Workstations are indispensable medical-examination tools for radiologists. Radiologists should carefully select according to their personal preference. It should be customized if required.

Color coordinated reading booth

The reading booth is arranged so that privacy may be kept suitable and communication may be possible.





Exercise and relaxation

Balance ball Chair yoga Rest space



Reading assistant

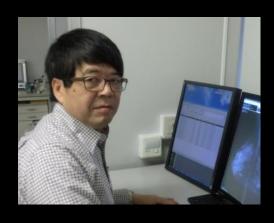
Leaving miscellaneous business to assistants, the radiologist must concentrate on reading.

The refreshment and sweets delivered at appropriate timing relieved tiredness of reading.



Conclusion:

In order to improve the ideal environment, capital investment and personnel expenses are required. In a teleradiology service center while there is a heavy and varied work load, capital investment for environmental management is easy. It is necessary to consider a good balance of both.







References:

Occupational Health Aspects of Work with Video Display Terminals Soo-Yee Lim et al, Chapter 100, Environment and Occupational Medicine Third Edition Lippincott-Raven Publishers Ph.,1998

Working Safely with Video Display Terminals
U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration
OSHA 3092 1997 (Revised)